- 1. (currently amended) A process for preparing a 2-amino-4-chloro-6-alkoxy-pyrimidine 2-amino-4-chloro 6-alkoxy-pyrimidines by comprising reacting the a 2-amino-4,6-dichloropyrimidine with an alkali metal alkoxide or a mixture of alkali metal hydroxides and an alcohol alcohol, characterized in that the reaction is effected in a polar aprotic solvent or solvent mixture, wherein the solvent or solvent mixture is subsequently distilled off to an extent of >30% and the product is precipitated during or after distillation by adding water.
- 2. (currently amended) The process as claimed in claim 1, wherein characterized in that the alcohol component used is a C_1 - C_4 -alcohol C_1 - C_4 -alcohol, in particular methanol.
- 3. (currently amended) The process as claimed in <u>claim 1</u>, wherein one of claims 1 and 2, characterized in that the molar ratio of 2-amino-4,6-dichloropyrimidine and the alkali metal alkoxide is 1:1 to 1.5 and more preferably 1:1.05 to 1.10.
- 4. (currently amended) The process as claimed in <u>claim 1</u>, <u>wherein</u> one of claims 1 to 3, characterized in that the polar aprotic solvent is selected from the group consisting of <u>a ketone</u>, an <u>amide</u>, <u>a nitrile</u> ketones, <u>amides and nitriles</u>, and in particular from the group consisting of acetone, methyl ethyl ketone, dimethylimidazolidinone, cyclohexanone, dimethylformamide,

 N-methylpyrrolidone, acetonitrile and mixtures thereof.
- 5. (currently amended) The process as claimed in <u>claim 1</u>, wherein one of claims 1 to 4, characterized in that the reaction is effected at a temperature temperatures between 5 and 60°C and more preferably between 15 and 40°C.

- 6. (currently amended) The process as claimed in <u>claim 1</u>, <u>wherein</u> one of claims 1 to 5, characterized in that the mixture is heated to a higher temperature after the reactants have been <u>added</u> added, more preferably to temperatures between 20 and 60°C and in particular between 25 and 45°C.
- 7. (currently amended) The process as claimed in claim 1, wherein one of claims 1 to 6, characterized in that the solvent is distilled off to an extent of more than 50% and more preferably to an extent of from 75 to 95%.
- 8. (currently amended) The process as claimed in <u>claim 1</u>, <u>wherein</u> one of claims 1 to 7, characterized in that activated carbon is added to the reaction mixture before or/and before, during or before and during the distillation.
- 9. (currently amended) The process as claimed in <u>claim 1</u>, wherein one of claims 1 to 8, characterized in that salts formed are removed <u>or or/and</u> brought into solution by adding water, <u>or both</u>.
- 10. (new) The process as claimed in claim 1, wherein the polar aprotic solvent is selected from the group consisting of acetone, methyl ethyl ketone, dimethylimidazolidinone, cyclohexanone, dimethyl-formamide,

 N-methylpyrrolidone, acetonitrile and mixtures thereof.
- 11. (new) The process as claimed in claim 1, wherein the reaction is effected at a temperature between 15 and 40°C.
- 12. (new) The process as claimed in claim 1, wherein the mixture is heated to a higher temperature of between 20 and 60°C after the reactants have been added.
- 13. (new) The process as claimed in claim 1, wherein the mixture is heated to a higher temperature of between 25 and 45°C after the reactants have been added.

- 14. (new) The process as claimed in claim 17, wherein the solvent is distilled off to an extent of from 75-95%.
- 15. (new) The process as claimed in claim 2, wherein the polar aprotic solvent is selected from the group consisting of acetone, methyl ethyl ketone, dimethylimidazolidinone, cyclohexanone, dimethyl-formamide, N-methylpyrrolidone, acetonitrile and mixtures thereof.
- 16. (new) The process as claimed in claim 3, wherein the polar aprotic solvent is selected from the group consisting of acetone, methyl ethyl ketone, dimethylimidazolidinone, cyclohexanone, dimethyl-formamide,

 N-methylpyrrolidone, acetonitrile and mixtures thereof.
- 17. (new) The process as claimed in claim 4, wherein the polar aprotic solvent is selected from the group consisting of acetone, methyl ethyl ketone, dimethylimidazolidinone, cyclohexanone, dimethyl-formamide,

 N-methylpyrrolidone, acetonitrile and mixtures thereof.
- 18. (new) The process as claimed in claim 2, wherein alcohol is methanol.
- 19. (new) The process as claimed in claim 3, wherein alcohol is methanol.
- 20. (new) The process as claimed in claim 4, wherein alcohol is methanol.